

【讀卡科目請依規定畫卡，若有違反畫卡規定而影響讀卡作業之情事，一律扣總分五分。】

★答案請畫在答案卡上

第一部分:聽力測驗:28% (1-8每題兩分;9-20每題一分)

一、辨識句意：每題均有三張圖片，請依據所聽到的句子，選出符合描述的圖片。

1. (A) (B) (C) (L5)



2. (A) (B) (C) (L6)



3. (A) (B) (C) (L6)



4. (A) (B) (C) (L5)



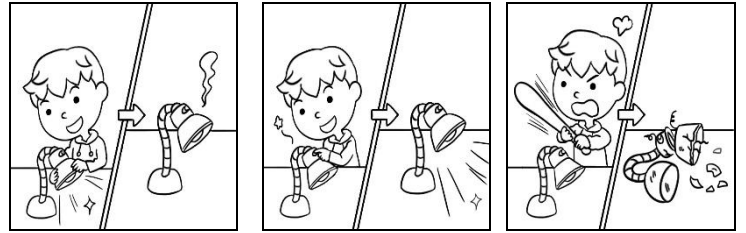
5. (A) (B) (C) (L6)



6. (A) (B) (C) (L5)



7. (A) (B) (C) (L5)



8. (A) (B) (C) (L6)



二、基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應。

9. (A) We went camping even though it rained.
 (B) We will use the metal tableware, not the plastic one.
 (C) We can go to the indoor campsite instead. (L6)
10. (A) Yes, I hid it somewhere outside the house.
 (B) No, nothing is in the house.
 (C) Yes, someone is crying out for help. (L5)
11. (A) Correct. He's the most famous writer in my country.
 (B) That's true. Though he isn't very famous, I enjoy reading his books.
 (C) You're right. He is popular with teenagers. (L6)
12. (A) All of them.
 (B) Much of them.
 (C) Both of them. (L6)
13. (A) You can't hide there. It's not safe.
 (B) I think you should tell her what happened.
 (C) Cover your head with your hands. (L5)
14. (A) Sure. Here is a fan for you.
 (B) I hurt my hands myself, so I may not be able to.
 (C) I'm afraid not. Just rub your hands together. (L5)

背面仍有試題,請繼續作答

三、言談理解：每題均有三個選項，請依據所聽到的對話與問題，選出一個最適當的答案。

15. (A) To enjoy the pizza before he washes his hands.
 (B) To wash his hands before he eats the pizza.
 (C) To cut the pizza before he eats it. (L6)
16. (A) It is convenient or not.
 (B) It has great views or not.
 (C) It is expensive or not. (L5)
17. (A) He might buy Mr. Smith's land.
 (B) He might build a factory on the land.
 (C) He might find another piece of land. (L5)
18. (A) He didn't want to wash his hands before eating.
 (B) He wanted to keep his hands clean. (L6)
 (C) He could put them on to throw the chicken away.
19. (A) He suddenly left without eating anything.
 (B) He finished nothing but the soup.
 (C) Someone would buy food for Joe. (L5)
20. (A) A kitchen.
 (B) A steak house.
 (C) A bakery. (L6)

第二部分：綜合測驗 (21-56每題兩分) :72%

一、單題選擇。

21. The boy with glasses is using _____ to have his meal. (L6)
 (A) a knife (B) chopsticks
 (C) a spoon (D) a fork
22. Tina _____ her bike and got hurt badly. (L5)
 (A) called off (B) fell off (C) pulled off (D) took off
23. James enjoys being _____ in the house on weekends. He doesn't like the noise outside. (L5)
 (A) alone (B) glove (C) stone (D) lonely
24. Most of the disposable products in the world take a long time to _____. (L6)
 (A) break up (B) break down (C) break in (D) break out
25. Aurora: I like this dishwasher better because it uses less water than that one.
 Jim: That's a good _____. Let's get it then. (L6)
 (A) straw (B) result (C) point (D) shelf
26. Just a _____. Ms. Thompson will be back in ten minutes. (L5)
 (A) moment (B) movement (C) memory (D) medium
27. When two _____ push against each other, earthquakes happen. (L5)



- (A) planets (B) places (C) plates (D) planes
28. This kind of _____ like earthquakes happens all the time in many parts of the world. (L5)
 (A) even (B) event (C) elevator (D) environment
29. The opening _____ of this play is in an apartment in Seattle. (L5)
 (A) straw (B) screen (C) shelf (D) scene
30. I don't want to be the _____ actress in a real-life earthquake ever again. (L5)
 (A) leaving (B) leading (C) lightning (D) living
31. A lot of disposable plastic tableware _____ in the ocean. (L6)
 (A) to end up (B) ending up (C) end up (D) ends up
32. A: It was very dangerous for you to go swimming _____.
 B: Sorry. We will never do that again. (L5)
 (A) yourself (B) themselves
 (C) yourselves (D) ourselves
33. _____ of my classmates has to hand in the report by this Friday, or the teacher will get mad. (L6)
 (A) Every (B) Each (C) All (D) Both
34. My parents work hard on weekdays, so on weekends, _____ of them sleep for long hours. (L6)
 (A) two (B) one (C) both (D) all
35. Jim looked out the window and saw a woman come to his bike _____ it away. (111 會考改) (L5)
 (A) ride (B) and ride (C) riding (D) and rode
36. I added _____ of the sugar to the coffee, so it may not taste good to a sweet tooth like you. (L6)
 (A) few (B) a few (C) little (D) a little
37. The floor was shaking _____ back and forth _____ up and down. (L5)
 (A) not; but (B) not only; but (C) not; also (D) only; also
38. If we _____ now, by the year 2050, _____ more plastic in the ocean than fish. (L6)
 (A) are taking action; there is
 (B) take action; there are
 (C) won't take action; there will be
 (D) don't take action; there will be

39. What great shoes! Where did you get _____?
I'm going to buy _____, too. (L6)
(A) them; ones (B) one; it (C) ones; them (D) it; one

40. We _____ Hank talk about his interesting experience during the trip. (L5)
(A) asked (B) sounded (C) listened to (D) looked

二. 題組。
(41-42)

Henry gets a mail from his good friend, Adam, and he is reading it.

Hi Henry,

I'm sorry about not going to your party last month because I was still in the US then. Your new house must be beautiful. But here is something amazing for you. We can be together AGAIN!

My sister gets married to a guy in Chiayi, and they have a wedding party there in the afternoon on June 3. I'm helping her with the party these days at home. I invite you to the party on that day. The restaurant is

near your new home.

My wife and I are going to Chiayi by train on June 2 and getting to the station at 17:10. Could you pick us up on that day? My sister and her new family are busy. Then, we can have snacks at Wunhua Road Night Market. My wife studied in Chiayi at her young age, and she loves the delicious food there.

Adam

41. What can we learn from the mail?
(A) Henry and Adam are brothers.

(B) Henry moved to Chiayi last month.
(C) Adam was a high school student in Chiayi.
(D) Adam wrote the mail to Henry in America.

After reading Adam's mail, Henry writes back to Adam.

Hi Adam,

It is great we can have a long talk again. Welcome!

I have to pick up my son, Michael, at 17:15 on that day, so please wait for me at the train station. We can have your favorite turkey rice on Wenhua Road. My wife works there. That night, you can stay at my home. Please share your life in the US with us. The next day we can drive to your sister's party together.


Henry

* amazing 令人吃驚的; wedding 婚禮; age 年齡

42. Henry has to do a lot of things on June 2.

- They are:
- ① To eat snacks at the night market.
 - ② To pick up Michael.
 - ③ To pick up his friend and his wife.
 - ④ To listen to his friend's life in America.
 - ⑤ To drive home.

What does Henry do in the order of time on June 2?

- (A) ③ → ⑤ → ④ → ② → ①  order 順序
- (B) ③ → ① → ② → ⑤ → ④
- (C) ② → ③ → ⑤ → ④ → ①
- (D) ② → ③ → ① → ⑤ → ④

(43-47)

It was supposed to be a usual flight from New York to Los Angeles. Flight 828 took off on a cloudy Thursday morning, carrying 145 passengers. Everything appears usual — until the plane flew into a strange rainstorm.

The sky became dark suddenly, the rain was heavy, and the wind blew crazily. The plane began to shake strongly. Passengers tried to hold onto their seats in fear. Then, without warning, the plane dropped suddenly, making the people cry out.

The pilot tried hard to keep the plane steady as the rainstorm grew worse.

For ten terrible minutes, the rainstorm got bigger. Then, just as quickly as it appeared, the skies cleared. The passengers finally felt happy because something worrying was no longer happening. But something wasn't right. The pilot then got a strange message from the control tower: "Flight 828, you missed for five years."

The plane landed safely — but the world changed. Everything moved on, but the passengers had no memory of time passing. Scientists and the public were all surprised to find out what happened. Some believed it was a strange accident. Others thought it was something supernatural.

Whatever it was, one thing was clear: life for the passengers of Flight 828 would never be the same again.

* was supposed to be 理應; passenger 乘客; warn 警告; steady 平穩的; control tower 控制台

背面仍有試題,請繼續作答

43. What happened to Flight 828?
- (A) The plane flew in perfect weather all the time.
 (B) The passengers turned the plane around.
 (C) The flight went missing and came out again five years later.
 (D) The plane never left the runway (跑道).
44. What did the passengers do during the rainstorm?
- (A) They didn't care and watched movies.
 (B) They cried and held onto their seats.
 (C) They cheered loudly for it.
 (D) They fell asleep with no fear.
45. What did the control tower tell the pilot after the rainstorm?
- (A) He landed in the wrong city.
 (B) The storm was only a dream.
 (C) The control tower would take off the plane
 (D) The flight was out of touch for five years.
46. Why were scientists and the public interested(感興趣的) in Flight 828?
- (A) They wanted to welcome the pilot and cheered for him.
 (B) They wanted to buy tickets for the flight but the time was over.

(C) They were wondering about what happened during the five missing years.

(D) They thought the plane had something lost, and they couldn't find it out.

47. What is the main idea of the article (文章)?

(A) A usual flight turned into something strange when the plane was missing and came back years later.

(B) Passengers enjoyed a surprising flight across the country.

(C) Scientists created a new kind of airplane to the public, and people were surprised.

(D) A pilot didn't agree to fly through a rainstorm and sent a message to the control tower.

(48-50)

Many people think turtles and tortoises are the same, but they are actually different animals. They both have hard shells to protect their bodies, but they live in different places and have different features and diets. Turtles mostly live in water. Some turtles live in the ocean, while others live in rivers or lakes. They spend most of their time swimming and only come on land to rest, sunbathe, or lay eggs. Tortoises live on land. They like dry

places like deserts or grassy areas. Tortoises do not swim and do not like water. Turtles have flat, light shells and webbed feet. They can help them swim faster. Tortoises have round, heavy shells. Their legs are thick and strong, like elephant legs. They can help them walk on land. Turtles eat plants, insects, small fish, and more. Tortoises mostly eat grass, leaves, and fruit. Both turtles and tortoises can live a long time. Some can live over 100 years! But tortoises usually live longer than turtles.

* shell 殼; protect 保護; feature 特徵; lay 生(蛋); webbed 有蹼的

48. What is the difference between turtles and tortoises?

(A) Turtles have legs like elephants.

(B) Tortoises live in water.

(C) Turtles have webbed feet for swimming.

(D) Tortoises eat fish.

49. What do tortoises mostly eat?

(A) Small fish

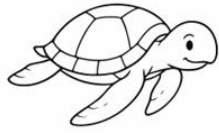
(B) Fruit and leaves

(C) Bugs and meat

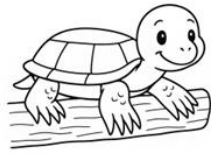
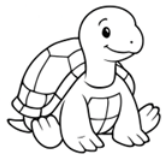
(D) Bread and cheese

50. Which picture shows a tortoise?

(A) (B)



(C) (D)



(51-56)

When people think of New York, the famous Statue of Liberty comes to their mind ____ (51) ____ there are a lot of other landmarks there. The Empire State Building is ____ (52) ____ hottest Facebook check-in place in the big modern city because it was the first building over 100 floors in the world. Shreve, Lamb & Harmon Co. ____ (53) ____ the great building from 1930 to 1931 and completed it on May 1, 1931.

____ (54) ____? According to the New York Times, more than four million people visited the Empire State Building every year in the 2010s. It was amazing. They paid more money for tickets than other great buildings, like 30 Rockefeller Plaza, the Chrysler Building, the first One World Trade Center, or the Woolworth Building, to go up to the 80th, 86th, and 102nd floors to get the best view of New York City. But the total numbers these years go down in visitors ____ (55) ____ the pandemic. In 2023, there were only about 1.3 million visitors from abroad. Even so, the observatory still brings almost \$100

million in making money every year. So, if you have a chance to go to New York someday, do not ____ (56) ____ a visit the great and most visited building.

* landmark 地標; complete 竣工; pandemic 疫情; observatory 天文台

51. (A) although (B) because (C) however (D) if
 52. (A) another (B) each (C) the one (D) the other
 53. (A) built (B) to build (C) building (D) was building
 54. (A) What can visitors watch in the Empire State Building
 (B) How popular is the Empire State Building with visitors
 (C) How much does the Empire State Building make from visitors
 (D) What buildings can visitors see from the Empire State Building
 55. (A) because (B) even though
 (C) because of (D) for example
 56. (A) forget paying (B) forget to pay
 (C) try paying (D) try to pay